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SNAPSHOT

ENGLISH I



Litera	Literacy Routines (use during Word Study, Reading, and Writing to improve communication)							
	Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, discussion, and thinking E1.1 Oral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion.							
	Application	Instructional Focus						
E1.1	communicate ideas effectively through speaking and discussion	E1.1(A) engage in meaningful and respectful discourse by listening actively, responding appropriately, and adjusting communication to audiences and purposes E1.1(B) follow and give complex oral instructions to perform specific tasks, answer questions, or solve problems and complex processes E1.1(C) give a presentation using informal, formal, and technical language effectively to meet the needs of audience, purpose, and occasion, employing eye contact, speaking rate such as pauses for effect, volume, enunciation, purposeful gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively E1.1(D) participate collaboratively, building on the ideas of others, contributing relevant information, developing a plan for consensus building, and setting ground rules for decision making						

Woi	Word Study							
	Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking E1.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.							
	Application	Instructional Focus						
E1.2	use skills to support strategies for determining the meaning of unknown words while reading	E1.2(A) use print or digital resources such as glossaries or technical dictionaries to clarify and validate understanding of the precise and appropriate meaning of technical or discipline-based vocabulary (S) E1.2(B) analyze context to distinguish between the denotative and connotative meanings of words (R) E1.2(C) determine the meaning of foreign words or phrases used frequently in English such as bona fide, caveat, carte blanche, tête-à-tête, bon appétit, and quid pro quo						



Core Reading

Tools to Know (§)

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

E1.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E1.4 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts.

	Reading Process: Thinking Within the Text							Comprehension: Thinking with the Text			
E	1.4(A) establish	E1.2(B) analyze context to	E1.4(B) generate questions	E1.4(C) make and correct or	E1.4(D) create	E1.4(I) monitor comprehension and	E1.4(E) make con-	E1.4(F) make	E1.4(G)	E1.4(H) synthesize	
þ	ourpose for	distinguish between the	about text before, during,	confirm predictions using	mental images	make adjustments such as rereading,	nections to personal	inferences and	evaluate details	information from	
r	eading assigned	denotative and	and after reading to	text features,	to deepen	using background knowledge, asking	experiences, ideas in	use evidence to	read to	two texts to create	
а	and self-selected	connotative meanings of	deepen understanding and	characteristics of genre,	understanding	questions and annotating when	other texts, and	support	determine key	new understanding	
t	exts	words (R)	gain information	and structures (S) [Literary]		understanding breaks down	society (S)	understanding (R)	ideas (R)	(R)	

Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- E1.6 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.
- E1.7 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.
- E1.8 Author's purpose.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction* ⊗	Poetry	Drama	Informational ®	Argumentative	Multimodal/ Digital
	Genre	E1.7(A) read and respond to American, British, and world	stanza, poet, rhyme scheme, figurative language	character tags, scene, stage directions	and structural elements of	E1.7(E) analyze characteristics and structural elements of argumentative	E1.7(F) analyze characteristics of
	Characteristics	literature (S)	E1.7(A) read and respond to American, British, and world literature (S)	E1.7(A) read and respond to American, British, and world literature (S)	informational texts	texts	multimodal and digital texts
E1.6/E1.7/E1.8 comprehend	Overall	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E1.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and
the author's purpose and meaning in	Meaning	analyze theme	analyze theme	analyze theme	E1.7(D) (i) clear thesis, relevant supporting evidence, pertinent examples, and conclusion (R)	E1.7(E) (i) clear arguable claim, appeals, and convincing conclusion (R) E1.7(E) (iii) identifiable audience or reader (S)	message within a tex
increasingly complex texts and in multiple genres;		E1.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E1.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E1.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E1.7(D) (ii) multiple organizational patterns within a text to develop the thesis (S)		(refer to the genre)
analyze the relationships among literary elements and structures and		including character foils (R)	E1.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters in works of fiction through a range of literary devices, including character foils (R)	E1.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters in works of fiction through a range of literary devices, including character foils (R)			
how they contribute to the overall meaning	Deeper Meaning	E1.6(C) analyze non-linear plot development such as flashbacks, foreshadowing, subplots, and parallel plot structures and com- pare it to linear plot development (R)	E1.6(C) analyze non-linear plot development such as flashbacks, foreshadowing, subplots, and parallel plot structures and com-pare it to linear plot development (R)	E1.6(C) analyze non-linear plot development such as flashbacks, foreshadowing, subplots, and parallel plot structures and com-pare it to linear plot development (R)			
		E1.6(D) analyze how the setting influences the theme (S)	E1.6(D) analyze how the setting influences the theme (S) E1.7(B) analyze the structure, prosody, and graphic elements such as line length and word position in poems across a variety of poetic forms (S)	E1.6(D) analyze how the setting influences the theme (S) E1.7(C) analyze the function of dramatic conventions such as asides, soliloquies, dramatic irony, and satire (S)			

^{*} Literary nonfiction selections may appear on a STAAR assessment, but genre-specific knowledge will not be assessed.



Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

E1.8 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction*	Poetry	Drama	Informational	Argumentative	Multimodal/Digital
	Point of View	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective			first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective
		E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E1.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose
E1.8	Structure	E1.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	print and graphic use of print and graphic ses to achieve specific ses (S) use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes	E1.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes
analyze the authors' choices and how they	Language	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes (R)	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes (R)	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes (R)	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes (R)	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes (R)	E1.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language achieves specific purposes
influence meaning; apply author's craft purposefully in		E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes (S)	E1.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony and oxymoron to achieve specific purposes
writing and speaking		E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E1.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text
					E1.8(G) explain the purpose of rhetorical devices such as understatement and overstatement and the effect of logical fallacies such as straw man and red herring arguments (S)	E1.8(G) explain the purpose of rhetorical devices such as understatement and overstatement and the effect of logical fallacies such as straw man and red herring arguments (S)	E1.8(G) explain the purpose of rhetorical devices such as understatement and overstatement and the effect of logical fallacies such as straw man and red herring arguments

^{*} Literary nonfiction selections may appear on a STAAR assessment, but genre-specific knowledge will not be assessed.

Independent Reading

E1.3 Self-sustained reading. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently.

E1.3(A) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time

Responding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing)

F1.5 Response skills: listening speaking reading writing and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed

LI.5 Response si										
	Ways to Show (Response Skills)									
E1.5(A) describe	E1.5(B) write responses	E1.5(C) use text	E1.5(D) paraphrase	E1.5(E) interact with	E1.5(F) respond using	E1.5(G) discuss	E1.5(H) respond	E1.5(I) reflect on	E1.5(J) defend or	
personal connections	that demonstrate under-	evidence and original	and summarize texts	sources in meaningful	acquired content and	and write about	orally or in writing	and adjust	challenge the	
to a variety of	standing of texts, including	commentary to sup-	in ways that maintain	ways such as notetaking,	academic vocabulary	the explicit or	with appropriate	responses when	authors' claims	
sources, including	comparing texts within and	port a comprehensive	meaning and logical	annotating, freewriting,	as appropriate	implicit meanings	register, vocabulary,	valid evidence	using relevant	
self-selected texts	across genres (R)	response (R)	order (R)	or illustrating		of text	tone, and voice	warrants	text evidence	



Writing

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E1.9 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.

E1.10 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.

Application	Tools to Know (Writing Process) ®
E1.10(A) compose literary texts such as fiction and poetry using genre	E1.9(A) plan a piece of writing appropriate for various purposes and audiences by generating ideas through a range of strategies such as brainstorming, journaling, reading, or discussing
characteristics and craft	E1.9(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing in timed and open-ended situations by: (i) using an organizing structure appropriate to purpose, audience, topic, and context (R)
E1.10(B) compose informational texts	(ii) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific details, examples, and commentary (R)
such as explanatory essays, reports, and personal essays using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E1.9(C) revise drafts to improve clarity, development, organization, style, diction, and sentence effectiveness, including use of parallel constructions and placement of phrases and dependent clauses (R)
genie characteristics and craft (k)	E1.9(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions, including: (S)
E1.10(C) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft (R)	 (i) a variety of complete, controlled sentences and avoidance of unintentional splices, run-ons, and fragments (R) (ii) consistent, appropriate use of verb tense and active and passive voice (S) (iii) pronoun-antecedent agreement (S)
crare (ity	(iv) correct capitalization (S)
E1.10(D) compose correspondence in a professional or friendly structure	(v) punctuation, including commas, semicolons, colons, and dashes to set off phrases and clauses as appropriate (S)(vi) correct spelling (S)
(S)	E1.9(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences

Research (embedded skills throughout Reading and Writing)

E1.11 Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes.

Application	Instructional Focus
E1.11 use research skills to plan and present in written, oral, or multimodal formats	E1.11(A) develop questions for formal and informal inquiry E1.11(B) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as needs occur and are identified E1.11(C) develop and revise a plan E1.11(D) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan E1.11(E) locate relevant sources E1.11(F) synthesize information from a variety of sources E1.11(G) examine sources for: (i) credibility and bias, including omission (ii) faulty reasoning such as ad hominem, loaded language, and slippery slope E1.11(H) display academic citations, including for paraphrased and quoted text, and use source materials ethically to avoid plagiarism E1.11(I) use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results

SNAPSHOT

ENGLISH II



Litera	Literacy Routines (use during Word Study, Reading, and Writing to improve communication)							
	Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, discussion, and thinking E2.1 Oral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion.							
	Application	Instructional Focus						
E2.1	communicate ideas effectively through speaking and discussion	E2.1(A) engage in meaningful and respectful discourse by listening actively, responding appropriately, and adjusting communication to audiences and purposes E2.1(B) follow and give complex oral instructions to perform specific tasks, answer questions, or solve problems and complex processes E2.1(C) give a formal presentation that incorporates a clear thesis and a logical progression of valid evidence from reliable sources and that employs eye contact, speaking rate such as pauses for effect, volume, enunciation, purposeful gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively participate collaboratively, building on the ideas of others, contributing relevant information, developing a plan for consensus building, and setting ground rules for decision making						

Word Study Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking							
	Vocabulary. The student uses newly acc						
E2.2	use skills to support strategies for determining the meaning of unknown words while reading	 E2.2(A) use print or digital resources such as glossaries or technical dictionaries to clarify and validate understanding of the precise and appropriate meaning of technical or discipline-based vocabulary (S) E2.2(B) analyze context to distinguish among denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words (R) E2.2(C) determine the meaning of foreign words or phrases used frequently in English such as pas de deux, status quo, déjà vu, avant-garde, and coup d'état (S) 					



Core Reading

Tools to Know (

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

E2.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E2.4 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts.

Reading Process: Thinking Within the Text							Comprehension: Thinking with the Text			
E2.4(A) establish	E2.2(B) analyze context to	E2.4(B) generate questions	E2.4(C) make and correct or	E2.4(D) create	E2.4(I) monitor comprehension and	E2.4(E) make	E2.4(F) make	E2.4(G) evaluate	E2.4(H) synthesize	
purpose for	distinguish among	about text before, during,	confirm predictions using	mental images	make adjustments such as rereading,	connections to per-	inferences and	details read to	information from	
reading assigned	denotative, connotative,	and after reading to	text features,	to deepen	using background knowledge, asking	sonal experiences,	use evidence to	determine key	multiple texts to	
and self-selected	and figurative meanings	deepen understanding and	characteristics of genre,	understanding	questions and annotating when	ideas in other texts,	support	ideas (R)	create new	
texts	of words (R)	gain information	and structures (S) [Literary]		understanding breaks down	and society (S)	understanding (R)		understanding (R)	

Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- E2.6 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.
- E2.7 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.
- E2.8 Author's purpose.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction* ®	Poetry	Drama	Informational ®	Argumentative	Multimodal/ Digital
	Genre	E2.7(A) read and analyze world literature across literary periods (S)	stanza, poet, rhyme scheme, figurative language	character tags, scene, stage directions	and structural elements of	E2.7(E) analyze characteristics and structural elements of	characteristics of multi-
	Characteristics		E2.7(A) read and analyze world literature across literary periods (S)	E2.7(A) read and analyze world literature across literary periods (S)	informational texts	argumentative texts	modal and digital texts
			E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	purpose, audience, and	E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message
comprehend the author's purpose	Overall Meaning	analyze theme	analyze theme	analyze theme	relevant supporting evidence, pertinent examples, and	E2.7(E) (i) clear arguable claim, appeals, and convincing conclusion (R)	within a text
and meaning in increasingly						E2.7(E) (iii) identifiable audience or reader (S)	
complex texts and in multiple genres; analyze the		E2.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot, including comparing similar themes in a variety of literary texts representing different cultures (S)	E2.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot, including comparing similar themes in a variety of literary texts representing different cultures (S)	E2.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot, including comparing similar themes in a variety of literary texts representing different cultures (S)	between organizational design and thesis (S)	E2.7(E) (ii) various types of evidence and treatment of counterarguments, including concessions and rebuttals (R)	(refer to the genre)
relationships among literary elements and structures and	Analysis for	E2.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters, including archetypes, through historical and cultural settings and events (R)	E2.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters, including archetypes, through historical and cultural settings and events (R)	E2.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters, including archetypes, through historical and cultural settings and events (R)			
how they contribute to the overall meaning	Deeper Meaning	plot as a whole (R)	E2.6(C) analyze isolated scenes and their contribution to the success of the plot as a whole (R)	plot as a whole (R)			
ever a.rearg		cultural settings influence characteri-		E2.6(D) analyze how historical and cultural settings influence characterization, plot, and theme across texts (S)			
			E2.7(B) analyze the effects of metrics; rhyme schemes; types of rhymes such as end, internal, slant, and eye; and other conventions in poems across a variety of poetic forms (S)	E2.7(C) analyze the function of dramatic conventions such as asides, soliloquies, dramatic irony, and satire (S)			

^{*} Literary nonfiction selections may appear on a STAAR assessment, but genre-specific knowledge will not be assessed.



Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

E2.8 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction Poetry Drama informational Argumentative		Argumentative	Multimodal/Digital		
	Point of View	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective			first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective
	Structure	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose
E2.8	Structure	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes
analyze the author's choices and how they influence	Language	E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	use of language informs and	E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers
meaning; apply author's craft purposefully in writing and		E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S)	E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes
speaking		E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text
					E2.8(G) analyze the purpose of rhetorical devices such as appeals, antithesis, parallelism, and shifts and the effects of logical fallacies (S)	E2.8(G) analyze the purpose of rhetorical devices such as appeals, antithesis, parallelism, and shifts and the effects of logical fallacies (S)	E2.8(G) analyze the purpose of rhetorical devices such as appeals, antithesis, parallelism, and shifts and the effects of logical fallacies

^{*} Literary nonfiction selections may appear on a STAAR assessment, but genre-specific knowledge will not be assessed.

Independent Reading

E2.3 Self-sustained reading. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently.

E2.3(A) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time

Responding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing)

	E2.5 Response skil	Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed.										
	Ways to Show (Response Skills)											
İ	E2.5(A) describe	E2.5(B) write responses	E2.5(C) use text	E2.5(D) paraphrase	E2.5(E) interact with	E2.5(F) respond using	E2.5(G) discuss	E2.5(H) respond	E2.5(I) reflect on	E2.5(J) defend or		
	personal connections	that demonstrate under-	evidence and original	and summarize texts	sources in meaningful	acquired content and	and write about	orally or in writing	and adjust	challenge the		
	to a variety of	standing of texts, including	commentary to sup-	in ways that maintain	ways such as notetaking,	academic vocabulary	the explicit or	with appropriate	responses when	authors' claims		
	sources, including	purces, including comparing texts within and port an interpretive meaning and logical annotating, freewriting, as appropriate implicit meanings register, vocabulary, valid evidence using relevant										
	self-selected texts	across genres (R)	response (R)	order (R)	or illustrating		of text	tone, and voice	warrants	text evidence		



Writing

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E2.9 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.

E2.10 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.

Application	Tools to Know (Writing Process) ®
E2.10(A) compose literary texts such as fiction and poetry using genre	E2.9(A) plan a piece of writing appropriate for various purposes and audiences by generating ideas through a range of strategies such as brainstorming, journaling, reading, or discussing
characteristics and craft E2.10(B) compose informational texts	E2.9(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing in timed and open-ended situations by: (i) using an organizing structure appropriate to purpose, audience, topic, and context (R) (ii) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific details, examples, and commentary (R)
such as explanatory essays, reports, and personal essays using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E2.9(C) revise drafts to improve clarity, development, organization, style, diction, and sentence effectiveness, including use of parallel constructions and placement of phrases and dependent clauses (R)
E2.10(C) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E2.9(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions, including: (S) (i) a variety of complete, controlled sentences and avoidance of unintentional splices, run-ons, and fragments (R) (ii) consistent, appropriate use of verb tense and active and passive voice (S) (iii) pronoun-antecedent agreement (S) (iv) correct capitalization (S)
E2.10(D) compose correspondence in a professional or friendly structure (S)	(v) punctuation, including commas, semicolons, colons, dashes, and parentheses to set off phrases and clauses as appropriate (S) (vi) correct spelling (S) E2.9(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences

Research (embedded skills throughout Reading and Writing)

E2.11 Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes.

Application	Instructional Focus
E2.11 use research skills to plan and present in written, oral, or multimodal formats	E2.11(A) develop questions for formal and informal inquiry E2.11(B) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as needs occur and are identified E2.11(C) develop and revise a plan E2.11(D) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan E2.11(E) locate relevant sources E2.11(F) synthesize information from a variety of sources E2.11(G) examine sources for: (i) credibility and bias, including omission (ii) faulty reasoning such as incorrect premise, hasty generalizations, and either-or E2.11(H) display academic citations, including for paraphrased and quoted text, and use source materials ethically to avoid plagiarism E2.11(I) use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results

SNAPSHOT

ENGLISH III



E3.1(D) participate collaboratively, offering ideas or judgments that are purposeful in moving the team toward goals, asking relevant and insightful questions, tolerating a

Word	Word Study							
	Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking E3.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.							
	Application Instructional Focus							
	Application	Instructional Focus						

range of positions and ambiguity in decision making, and evaluating the work of the group based on agreed-upon criteria



Core Reading

Tools to Know (8)

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

E3.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E3.4 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts.

		Reading Proces	Com	prehension: Thir	nking with th	e Text			
E3.4(A) establish	E3.2(B) analyze	E3.4(B) generate questions	E3.4(C) make and correct or	E3.4(D) create	E3.4(I) monitor comprehension and make	E3.4(E) make	E3.4(F) make	E3.4(G)	E3.4(H) synthesize
purpose for	context to draw	about text before, during,	confirm predictions using	mental images	adjustments such as rereading, using	connections to per-	inferences and use	evaluate	information from a
reading assigned	conclusions about	and after reading to deepen	text features, charac-	to deepen	background knowledge, asking questions,	sonal experiences,	evidence to	details read to	variety of text types
and self-selected	d self-selected nuanced meanings understanding and gain teristics of genre, and understanding annotating, and using outside sources				ideas in other texts,	support	understand	to create new	
texts	such as in imagery (R)	information	structures (S) [Literary]		when understanding breaks down	and society (S)	understanding (R)	key ideas (R)	understanding (R)

Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- E3.6 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.
- E3.7 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.
- E3.8 Author's purpose.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction ®	Poetry	Drama	Informational ®	Argumentative	Multimodal/Digital	
	Genre	E3.7(A) read and analyze American literature across literary periods (S)	stanza, poet, rhyme scheme, figurative language	character tags, scene, stage directions	E3.7(D) analyze characteristics and structural elements of	E3.7(E) analyze characteristics and structural elements of	E3.7(F) analyze the effectiveness of characteristics of multimodal and	
	Characteristics		E3.7(A) read and analyze American literature across literary periods (S)	E3.7(A) read and analyze American literature across literary periods (S)	informational texts	argumentative texts	digital texts	
		E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E3.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message	
E3.6/E3.7/E3.8 comprehend the author's	Overall Meaning	analyze theme	analyze theme	analyze theme	E3.7(D) (i) clear thesis, strong supporting evidence, pertinent examples, commentary, summary, and conclusion (R)	E3.7(E) (i) clear arguable thesis, appeals, structure of the argument, convincing conclusion, and call to action (R)	within a text	
purpose and meaning in increasingly						E3.7(E) (iii) identifiable audience or reader (S)		
complex texts and in multiple genres; analyze the		E3.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E3.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E3.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E3.7(D) (ii) the relationship between organizational design and author's purpose (S)	E3.7(E) (ii) various types of evidence and treatment of counterarguments, including concessions and rebuttals (R)	(refer to the genre)	
relationships among literary elements and structures and how they	Analysis for	E3.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motivations contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)	E3.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motivations contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)	E3.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motivations contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)				
contribute to the overall	Deeper Meaning	E3.6(C) evaluate how different literary elements shape the author's portrayal of the plot (R)	E3.6(C) evaluate how different literary elements shape the author's portrayal of the plot (R)	E3.6(C) evaluate how different literary elements shape the author's portrayal of the plot (R)				
meaning		E3.6(D) analyze how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)	E3.6(D) analyze how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)	E3.6(D) analyze how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)				
			E3.7(B) analyze relationships among characteristics of poetry, including stanzas, line breaks, speaker, and sound devices in poems across a variety of poetic forms (S)	E3.7(C) analyze how the relationships among dramatic elements advance the plot (S)				



Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

E3.8 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction	Poetry	Drama	Informational Argumentative		Multimodal/Digital
	Point of View	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective			first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective
		E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E3.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose
E3.8 analyze and evaluate the	Structure	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes
authors' choices and how they influence meaning; apply		E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E3.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers
author's craft purposefully in writing and		E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as para- dox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E3.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes
speaking	Language	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R)	E3.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text
					E3.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood (S)	E3.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood (S)	E3.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood

Independent Reading

E3.3 Self-sustained reading. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently.

E3.3(A) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time

Responding to Te	esponding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing)									
E3.5 Response ski	Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed.									
	Ways to Show (Response Skills)									
E3.5(A) describe personal connections to a variety of sources, including self-selected texts	E3.5(B) write responses that demonstrate analysis of texts, including comparing texts within and across genres (R)	commentary to sup-	E3.5(D) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order (R)	E3.5(E) interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating	E3.5(F) respond using acquired content and academic vocabulary as appropriate	' '	E3.5(H) respond orally or in writing with appropriate register and effective vocabulary, tone, and voice	responses when	E3.5(J) defend or challenge the authors' claims using relevant text evidence	

italics = text adapted to emphasize the application concept



Writing

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- E3.9 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.
- E3.10 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.

Application	Tools to Know (Writing Process) ®
E3.10(A) compose literary texts such as fiction and poetry using genre characteristics and craft	E3.9(A) plan a piece of writing appropriate for various purposes and audiences by generating ideas through a range of strategies such as brainstorming, journaling, reading, or discussing
E3.10(B) compose informational texts such as explanatory essays, reports, resumes, and personal essays using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E3.9(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing in timed and open-ended situations by: (i) using strategic organizational structures appropriate to purpose, audience, topic, and context (R) (ii) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with effective use of rhetorical devices, details, examples, and commentary (R)
E3.10(C) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E3.9(C) revise drafts to improve clarity, development, organization, style, diction, and sentence fluency, both within and between sentences (R)
E3.10(D) compose correspondence in a professional or friendly structure (S)	E3.9(D) edit drafts to demonstrate a command of standard English conventions using a style guide as appropriate (S)
E3.10(E) compose literary analysis using genre characteristics and craft E3.10(F) compose rhetorical analysis using genre characteristics and craft	E3.9(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences

Research (embedded skills throughout Reading and Writing)

E3.11 Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes.

Application	Instructional Focus
E3.11 use research skills to plan and present in written, oral, or multimodal formats	E3.11(A) develop questions for formal and informal inquiry E3.11(B) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as needs occur and are identified E3.11(C) develop and revise a plan E3.11(D) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan E3.11(E) locate relevant sources E3.11(F) synthesize information from a variety of sources E3.11(G) examine sources for: (i) credibility, bias, and accuracy (ii) faulty reasoning such as post hoc-ad hoc, circular reasoning, red herring, and assumptions E3.11(H) display academic citations, including for paraphrased and quoted text, and use source materials ethically to avoid plagiarism E3.11(I) use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results

italics = text adapted to emphasize the application concept

NOTE: Readiness (R) and Supporting (S) standards are aligned with assessed high school ELAR curriculum.

SNAPSHOT

ENGLISH IV



Literacy Routines (use during Word Study, Reading, and Writing to improve communication) Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, discussion, and thinking E4.1 Oral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion. **Application Instructional Focus** E4.1(A) engage in meaningful and respectful discourse when evaluating the clarity and coherence of a speaker's message and critiquing the impact of a speaker's use of diction, syntax, and rhetorical strategies E4.1(B) follow and give complex instructions, clarify meaning by asking pertinent questions, and respond appropriately E4.1 communicate ideas effectively E4.1(C) formulate sound arguments and present using elements of classical speeches such as introduction, first and second transitions, body, conclusion, the art of through speaking and discussion persuasion, rhetorical devices, employing eye contact, speaking rate such as pauses for effect, volume, enunciation, purposeful gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively E4.1(D) participate collaboratively, offering ideas or judgments that are purposeful in moving the team toward goals, asking relevant and insightful questions, tolerating a range of positions and ambiguity in decision making, and evaluating the work of the group based on agreed-upon criteria

Word	Vord Study							
	Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking E4.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.							
		Instructional Focus						
	Application	Instructional Focus						



Core Reading

Tools to Know (§)

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

E4.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E4.4 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts.

	Reading Process: Thinking Within the Text							iking with th	e Text
E4.4(A) establish	E4.2(B) analyze	E4.4(B) generate questions	E4.4(C) make and correct or	E4.4(D) create	E4.4(I) monitor comprehension and make	E4.4(E) make	E4.4(F) make	E4.4(G)	E4.4(H) synthesize
purpose for	context to draw	about text before, during,	confirm predictions using	mental images	adjustments such as rereading, using	connections to	inferences and	evaluate	information from a
reading assigned	conclusions about	and after reading to deepen	text features, charac-	to deepen	background knowledge, asking questions,	personal experien-	use evidence to	details read	variety of text types
and self-selected	nuanced meanings	understanding and gain	teristics of genre, and	understanding	annotating, and using outside sources	ces, ideas in other	support	to analyze	to create new under-
texts	such as in imagery (R)	information	structures (S) [Literary]		when understanding breaks down	texts, and society (S)	understanding (R)	key ideas (R)	standing (R)

Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

- E4.6 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.
- E4.7 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.
- E4.8 Author's purpose.

Application	pplication Instructional Fiction Poetry Poetry		Poetry	Drama	Informational ®	Argumentative	Multimodal/Digital
	Genre Characteristics	E4.7(A) read and analyze British literature across literary periods (S)	stanza, poet, rhyme scheme, figurative language	character tags, scene, stage directions	E4.7(D) critique and evaluate characteristics and structural	E4.7(E) critique and evaluate characteristics and structural	E4.7(F) critique and evaluate the effectiveness of
			E4.7(A) read and analyze British literature across literary periods	E4.7(A) read and analyze British literature across literary periods	elements of informational texts	elements of argumentative texts	characteristics of multi- modal and digital texts
	Overall Meaning	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R)	E4.8(A) evaluate the author's purpose, audience, and message
E4.6/E4.7/E4.8 comprehend the author's purpose and		analyze theme	analyze theme	analyze theme	E4.7(D) (i) clear thesis, effective supporting evidence, pertinent examples, commentary,	E4.7(E) (i) clear arguable thesis, appeals, structure of the argument, convincing conclusion, and call to action (R)	within a text
meaning in increasingly					summary, and conclusion (R)	E4.7(E) (iii) identifiable audience or reader (S)	
complex texts and in multiple genres; analyze the		E4.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E4.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E4.6(A) analyze relationships among thematic development, characterization, point of view, significance of setting, and plot in a variety of literary texts (S)	E4.7(D) (ii) the relationship between organizational design and author's purpose (S)	E4.7(E) (ii) various types of evidence and treatment of counterarguments, including concessions and rebuttals (R)	(refer to the genre)
relationships among literary elements and structures and		E4.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motiva- tions contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)	E4.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motivations contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)	E4.6(B) analyze how characters' behaviors and underlying motiva- tions contribute to moral dilemmas that influence the plot and theme (R)			
how they contribute to the overall meaning		E4.6(C) critique and evaluate how complex plot structures such as subplots contribute to and advance the action (R)	E4.6(C) critique and evaluate how complex plot structures such as subplots contribute to and advance the action (R)	E4.6(C) critique and evaluate how complex plot structures such as subplots contribute to and advance the action (R)			
		E4.6(D) evaluate how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)	E4.6(D) evaluate how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)	E4.6(D) evaluate how the historical, social, and economic context of setting(s) influences the plot, characterization, and theme (S)			
			E4.7(B) analyze the effects of sound, form, figurative language, graphics, and dramatic structure in poetry across literary time periods and cultures (S)	E4.7(C) analyze and evaluate how the relationships among the dramatic elements advance the plot (S)			



Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

E4.8 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

Application	Instructional Focus	Fiction	Poetry	Drama	Informational	Argumentative	Multimodal/Digital
	Point of View	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective	first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective			first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective
		E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S)	E4.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose
E4.8 analyze and	Structure	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes
evaluate the authors' choices and how they influence	Language	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (R)	E4.8(D) critique and evaluate how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers
meaning; apply author's craft purposefully in writing and speaking		E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes (S)	E4.8(E) evaluate the use of literary devices such as paradox, satire, and allegory to achieve specific purposes
		E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text (R)	E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text (R)	E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text (R)	E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text (R)	E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text (R)	E4.8(F) evaluate how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the effectiveness of a text
					E4.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood (S)	E4.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood (S)	E4.8(G) analyze the effects of rhetorical devices and logical fallacies on the way the text is read and understood

Independent Reading

E4.3 Self-sustained reading. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently.

E4.3(A) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time

Responding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing)

E4.5 Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed.

	Ways to Show (Response Skills)									
ĺ	E4.5(A) describe	E4.5(B) write responses	E4.5(C) use text	E4.5(D) paraphrase	E4.5(E) interact with	E4.5(F) respond using	E4.5(G) discuss	E4.5(H) respond orally	E4.5(I) reflect on	E4.5(J) defend or
	personal connections	that demonstrate	evidence and original	and summarize texts	sources in meaningful	acquired content and	and write about	or in writing with	and adjust	challenge the
	to a variety of	analysis of texts,	commentary to sup-	in ways that maintain	ways such as notetaking,	academic vocabulary	the explicit or	appropriate register and	responses when	authors' claims
	sources, including	including comparing	port an evaluative	meaning and logical	annotating, freewriting,	as appropriate	implicit meanings	purposeful vocabulary,	valid evidence	using relevant tex
	self-selected texts	texts within and across	response (R)	order (R)	or illustrating		of text	tone, and voice	warrants	evidence
		genres (R)								

italics = text adapted to emphasize the application concept



Writing

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E4.9 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.

E4.10 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.

Application	Tools to Know (Writing Process) ®
E4.10(A) compose literary texts such as fiction and poetry using genre characteristics and craft	E4.9(A) plan a piece of writing appropriate for various purposes and audiences by generating ideas through a range of strategies such as brainstorming, journaling, reading, or discussing
E4.10(B) compose informational texts such as explanatory essays, reports, resumes, and personal essays using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E4.9(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing in timed and open-ended situations by: (i) using strategic organizational structures appropriate to purpose, audience, topic, and context (R) (ii) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with effective use of rhetorical devices, details, examples, and commentary (R)
E4.10(C) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft (R)	E4.9(C) revise drafts to improve clarity, development, organization, style, diction, and sentence fluency, both within and between sentences (R)
E4.10(D) compose correspondence in a professional or friendly structure (S)	E4.9(D) edit drafts to demonstrate a command of standard English conventions using a style guide as appropriate (S)
E4.10(E) compose literary analysis using genre characteristics and craft E4.10(F) compose rhetorical analysis using genre characteristics and craft	E4.9(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences

Research (embedded skills throughout Reading and Writing)

E4.11 Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes.

Application	Instructional Focus
E4.11 use research skills to plan and present in written, oral, or multimodal formats	E4.11(A) develop questions for formal and informal inquiry E4.11(B) critique the research process at each step to implement changes as needs occur and are identified E4.11(C) develop and revise a plan E4.11(D) modify the major research question as necessary to refocus the research plan E4.11(E) locate relevant sources E4.11(F) synthesize information from a variety of sources E4.11(G) examine sources for: (i) credibility, bias, and accuracy (ii) faulty reasoning such as straw man, false dilemma, faulty analogies, and non-sequitur E4.11(H) display academic citations, including for paraphrased and quoted text, and use source materials ethically to avoid plagiarism E4.11(I) use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results

italics = text adapted to emphasize the application concept

NOTE: Readiness (R) and Supporting (S) standards are aligned with assessed high school ELAR curriculum.

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